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Advertisements to secure insertion should be sent to the office before Twelve o'clock on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays. Where no accounts are already opened, small advertisements must be prepaid.

For the future, Substitutes for Advertisements will not be taken on days of publication. They must be handed in not later than Five o'clock on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday Evenings.

All post-office orders and letters of credit should be made payable, and communications generally should be addressed to THE MANAGER of the LIMERICK CHRONICLE.

THE LIMERICK CHRONICLE

[ESTABLISHED 1766.]

SATURDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 7, 1899

VERY general satisfaction was felt yesterday when intelligence reached the city that the Dean of Limerick had been selected to fill the vacant See of Limerick. At the election held in Tralee on the 22nd of last month, none of those placed by the first vote on the select list obtained the two-thirds majority of both orders required by the Statute. Both the Dean of Limerick and the Venble Archdeacon of Ardferd were singled out by several successive votings as obtaining a clear majority of both orders, and there being no third clergyman chosen the names of both were referred to the Bishops for them to make their choice. In Limerick it was confidently expected that Dean Bunbury would be elected by the Bishops, and it was with very great pleasure the news went round that general expectation had been gratified, and that Dean Bunbury had been elected successor to Bishop Graves in this ancient See. The Dean has been long resident in this city. Twenty-seven years of his ministerial life have been passed amongst the citizens, and the satisfaction with which his promotion to the Episcopal Bench has been received by all classes bears eloquent testimony to the high estimation in which he is held by those in whose midst the greater part of his ministerial life has been spent. Members of other communions joined with those of the Church to which he belongs in their hearty congratulations and best wishes. It is quite unnecessary to enter into any details as to the career and life-work of the Bishop-Elect. Ordained in 1854 for the curacy of Clonfert, in the Diocese of Killaloe, he became rector, in 1863, of the interesting parish of Croom. When, after Disestablishment and Disendowment, the task was imposed upon the Church of reconstruction and re-organization, the constructive and financial ability of the Rector of Croom was of the utmost value. He was amongst those foremost in placing Church organization in the Diocese of Limerick on a firm, sound basis. Nor must it be forgotten that, in such an anxious time when everything was in a state of ferment and excitement, the good temper, kindness, sympathy, and moderation invariably displayed by the future bishop, contributed no less than his practical ability and sound judgment to bring about a successful and harmonious working of the different elements constituting the Diocesan Synods and Councils. When Dean Day was elected to the first bishopric which fell vacant after Disestablishment, Dean Bunbury was chosen to fill the vacancy. With characteristic energy he set himself to carry on to completion the work of restoration of St. Mary's Cathedral, so successfully begun under the Hon R. O'Brien and the Ven Archdeacon Hamilton, then one of the Cathedral curates. The name of Dean Bunbury will ever be intimately associated with one of the most successful cathedral restorations of a period marked by many similar works, and whilst renovating the fabric it must be borne in mind that the good taste of the restorers preserved the ancient characteristics of a very venerable pile. No one is more intimately acquainted with the practical working of the diocese in its many departments than is the future Bishop, and it is the earnest wish of all

FUNERAL OF THE REV W. F. SEYMOUR, ABINGTON.

The funeral obsequies of the late Rev W. F. Seymour, A.M., Rector of Abington, took place to-day, the remains being removed from the Rectory at twelve o'clock for interment in the burial ground at Abington. The death of this most popular clergyman has awakened the deepest feelings of regret amongst all classes of the community, and his loss to the people of Abington, where he laboured zealously in their interests for the past twenty-six years, is keenly felt. His kindly and amiable disposition, and his readiness to support every project for the welfare of those amongst whom he lived, had earned for him the love and esteem, not alone of his own parishioners, but of those outside his spiritual ministrations, and the people cannot readily forget the many friendly acts which he accomplished on their behalf. The deceased clergyman had made many friends amongst his brethren, who recognised in him an accomplished scholar and devout pastor. The people will remember with feelings of gratitude and affection the very high qualities which he possessed, and which he exercised so piously and earnestly in his sacred office. The cortage was of very large dimensions, the line of carriages which accompanied the hearse to the churchyard extending a mile in length. The residents of the neighbourhood were fully represented, while many came long distances to join in the final tribute of respect to the memory of the deceased clergyman. The remains were enclosed in an oak coffin, heavily mounted in brass, which bore the following inscription:—

REV. WILLIAM FRANCIS SEYMOUR,
Rector of Abington,
Died October 4th 1899,
Aged 75 years.

The Chief Mourners were—Mr St John Seymour, son; Miss Seymour and Mrs John Finch, daughters; Mrs William Vanderkiste, sister; Captain Vanderkiste, Limerick, brother-in-law; Captain Finch, Bloomfield, son-in-law; Mr J R Stritch, Q.C., Nephew-in-law; Mr Edward Finch, Bloomfield; and Mr J Stritch.

The following clergy attended:—Rev J C Spencer, curate of the parish; Rev J White-Bell, Rector of Doon; Rev M W Day, Newport; Rev Hawtrey Browne, Cappawhite; Rev J F Lynch, Caherconlish; Rev D G Westropp, Killoscully Rectory; Rev E D Graig, Newpallas; Very Rev M Ryan, P.P., V.F., Murroe; Rev F Horan, C.C., do.

The following is as complete a list as was obtained of the names of those present or who were represented by carriages—Elizabeth Lady Barrington, Sir Charles Barrington, Bart, D.L.; Captain Vanderkiste, Mr John B Barrington, Mr F A E Croker, D.L., Ballinagarde; Mr Wm M Beauchamp, solicitor, Limerick; District Inspector Blascheck, Newport; Major Gubbins, Lismullane; Dr Flynn, LL.D., The Abbey, Tipperary; Mr T Harding, Y-wort; Mr Henry James, Ballyvourneen; Mr Richard Scott, Dr Moloney, Murroe; Mr John Russell, J.P., Glenview; Mr Courtney Croker, Blackwater; Mr Jeremiah Shine, Ballymacree; Miss Croker, The Grange; Mr A H Lee, Barna; Mr John C Fitzgerald, Abington House, Murroe; Mr Andrew Murray, Limerick; Mr Samuel Winter, Castleview, Caherconlish; Mr Charles Ryan, Ballymackeogh; Dr Dwyer, Newport; Mr R Keyes, Caherconlish; Mr Robert Lucas, Newport; Mr Samuel Winter, junr, Molug; Dr M'Loughlin, Ballymonia; Dr Connolly, Caherconlish; Capt Warburton, Cappamore; Mr Robert Wheeler, do; Mr H Scott, J.P., Cappawhite; Mr John Phillips, Mount Phillips; Mr Geo Cahel, Clonshing; Lieutenant-Colonel D Hussey DeBurgh, Dromkeen; Mr John Ryan, solicitor, Limerick; Mr Patrick Ryan, Limerick; Mr Patrick Devane, Mongfuue; Mr John Donovan, Cappamore; Mr John Hayes, do; Mrs Wellington, Newpallas; Mr Wm Fitzgerald, Abington; Mr R D Bourke, do; Mr Dan Donovan, Cappamore; Mr James Martin, Murroe; Mr Robert Phorr, do; Mr S F Dickson, Mulcair; Mr James McGuire, Murroe; Mr Thomas Collopy, Caherconlish; Mr C J Keyes, Brittas; Mr M Creagh, do; Mr P Kearns, do; Mr John Keyes, Abington; Mr Robert Keyes, do; Mr Benjamin Lucas, Malaboy; Mr R Lucas, do; Mr C G Harris, Abington; Mr J J Humphreys, P S C, Rath; Mr J Humphreys, Cappamore; Mr George Keyes, Dromkeen; Mr George Nicholl, Ballyguile; Mr W H Gabbett, Mount Rivers; Mr James McMahon, Woodville, Newpallas; Miss Friend, Boher; Mr P Fitzgerald, junr, Abington; Mr John Ryan, do; Mr P Donovan, do; Mr Richard Scott, Knockard, Doon; Dr Tennant, Cappamore; Mr J J Ryan, Cappamore; Mr John O'Brien, Mr Malachy O'Connor, Cappanute; Mr Michael Hayes, do; Mr John Gow, Glenstal Farm; Mr D O'Neill, do; Mr James Donovan, Mr J Hayes, Cappamore; Mr William Berkley, Ballyvourneen; Mr T Ryan, Cappanute; Mr Pat Coleman, Abington; Mr B Wolfe, do; Mr W Corbett, Mongtune House; Mr John Meehan, Portnard; Mrs White, Newport; Mr E Lloyd, Portnard; Mr M Ryan, Murroe; Mr J Clonessy, do; Mr James Mitchell, Glenstal; Mr John Cooke, Murroe, &c.

Wreaths were sent by the following:—Miss Seymour, Captain and Mrs Finch, St John Seymour, Captain and Mrs Vanderkiste, Mrs Missy Finch, Rev J C Spencer, Miss Ellen Reidy, Miss A H Tracy, Miss Julia O'Brien, Dr and Mrs Beamish, Elizabeth Lady Barrington, Miss Barrington, and Miss May Barrington, Mr and Mrs J B Barrington, and all at Ashroe, Rev J White-Bell and Mrs White-Bell, Mr F A E Croker, D.L., and others.

The officiating clergy at the church previous to the burial and at the grave were—the

LIMERICK COUNTY COUNCIL.

THE CURRENT EXPENDITURE.

IMPORTANT FINANCIAL STATEMENT BY LORD DUNRAVEN.

A meeting of the County Council was held to-day, Mr T B Mitchell, J.P., presided. There were also present—Lord Dunraven, Sir David Roche, Messrs T D Atkinson, J.P.; Wm Waller, J.P.; James Hogan, J.P.; D Hedderman, J.P.; John Coleman, J.P.; P O'Shaughnessy, J.P., Newcastle West; Thomas Hurley, J.P.; Dr Connery, R Pigott, J.P.; J O'Grady Delmege, J.P.; Anthony Mackey, M Naughton, D Clancy, E Mitchell, John O'Neill, J McGrath, P Raleigh, J.P.; John Geary, Robert Coll, D Moloney.

Mr Poole Gabbett, Secretary, Mr Glynn, Assistant do; Mr Leahy, solicitor; Mr. Horan, C.E., County Surveyor, were also present.

Lord Dunraven submitted details of a meeting of the Finance Committee held on the 4th October to consider the financial position of the Council, and to recommend a rate for the half year ended 31st March, 1900. The estimated expenditure for the half year was £64,007. The Council should understand that the amounts included in this were mere estimates, and the correct items would appear in the accounts when made up for the half year. The amounts were as follows:—Repayment of Government loans, £690; support of lunatic asylums, £2,500; valuation, £120; superannuation to prison and bridewell officials, £145; industrial schools and reformatories, £490; expenses under Food and Drugs Acts, weights and measures and conveyance of prisoners, £175; railway guarantee, £140; election expenses (including Guy's account), £2,384, of this only one-sixth is provided for in present estimate—namely, £400. Rents, £80; County Infirmary, £700; printing and advertising, £450; expenses of registry and jurors' lists, £150; salaries of county officers, £485; coroners' salaries and expenses of inquests, £125; insurance and cost of rate book, &c., £250; extra printing, books, forms, &c., in connection with rates, £100; Courthouse expenses, £150; expenses of roads, bridges, gulleys, etc., £20,554; compensation for malicious injuries, £300; poundage to collectors, £900; claims from Board of Guardians (half of £52,432 is 8d), £26,216; Rural Districts (half of £15,474), £7,737; proportion of gratuities and interest, £4,150; total, £64,007. Practically speaking all these items are half of the total estimates for the whole year that were submitted to the Council in July last with a few exceptions such as cost of extra police, for which there is no claim this half year. The financial position of the Council is as follows—In bank, £26,000; less cheques signed by the committee for the credit of the unions, £9,600; balance to credit in bank, £16,400; amount of warrants for half-year ended 30th September, 1899, £38,500; amount of rate in district of Listowel (Glin Council), for which warrants cannot be issued pending a reply from the Local Government Board, £1,300. The Council (said Lord Dunraven), would remember they wrote to the Local Government Board asking for authority to lend Listowel No. 2 District Council (Glin), £500 in aid, and the reply had not yet been received. To the assets as referred to in the foregoing is to be added the estimated amount of rate to 31st March, 1900, £24,000, making a total assets of £92,200. The liabilities were computed as follows—Overdraft at bank, £26,000; requirements as per estimate given above, £64,000, making a total of £90,000. This would leave a balance of £2,200 to the credit of the Council at the end of next March, provided that every penny of the rate is collected, and that there will be no exceptional expenses. The Committee considered that it would not be advisable to any make alteration in the rate to be levied for the current half year. The rate, however, has to be reduced in some districts in compliance with the 27th section of the Local Government Act, and the Local Government Order thereon of the 6th July, '99. The Committee find, in compliance with this that they cannot exceed certain sums to be applied for road expenditure in the four rural districts, and in consequence the Finance Committee have recommended that the estimates in Croom, Listowel (No 2), Newcastle, and Tipperary be proportionately reduced. New rates have been calculated for these districts as follows:—Croom, 1s 5d on land and 2s 4d on other hereditaments, the rates that had been struck being 1s 6d and 2s 5d; Listowel, 1s 7d and 2s 11d, the amounts struck being 3s 1d and 4s 5d; Newcastle, 1s 6d and 2s 8d, being reduced from 2s and 3s 2d; Tipperary, 1s 3d and 2s 3d, being reduced from 1s 4d and 2s 4d. In the other districts the rates remain unchanged as follows:—Kilmallock, 1s 4d on land, 2s 3d on other hereditaments; Limerick, 1s 5d and 2s 8d; Mitchelstown, 10d and 1s 8d; Rathkeale, 1s and 2s 1d. The reason for the reductions given above is that the estimates of these districts were in excess of the 25 per cent over the normal expenditure on the standard year allowed under the Act, and, therefore, these rates have to be reduced proportionately. If any member of the Council required further information on that point he (Lord Dunraven) thought it would be better to have it from the County Surveyor.

Mr Hogan—In Listowel No 2 District is the reduction subject to the loan of £500 in aid being granted?

The Chairman—The rates will have to be reduced irrespective of that grant. They must be reduced in the same way as in Croom and the other district.

Mr Hogan—I am glad to hear that. Have we

was adopted by the Finance Committee this Committee suggests the advice of the Council applying to the Local Government Board for an officer to take charge of the Act and to pay him out of the Estate Duty, under sec 122 of the Local Government Act. He added, this resolution was adopted by the Finance Committee, and that the Council now pass it unamended was practically asking the Local Government Board to do what they had power to do by consent of the Treasury, and to pay the amount during the first year of the Council. He could instruct the officers how they which were voluminous, should be the Local Government Board did this it very great advantage to them, but it much afraid that Board would not do it.

The Chairman—I suppose there is no objection being made the resolution unanimously adopted.

THE ELECTION OF CORONER

The election of Coroner for the District was the next business.

Dr. Connery in proposing the election of Hannigan, said he believed there was objection to his return. There was he wished to say, however, and that the salary was miserably small. He raised on the first occasion when this question was considered, and he believed now the salary should be raised in proportion, as other office salaries fixed.

The Chairman was understood to be agreed with Dr. Connery, but questioned they could raise the salary now.

Mr. Coleman—The salary was fixed by the Council, and you cannot change by notice of motion to rescind the adopted at that time.

Mr. Waller agreed with the last speaker. Mr. Coleman seconded the election of Hannigan, which was adopted unanimously.

THE NATIONAL BANK LOAN.

On the motion of Mr. Coleman, a resolution was adopted agreeing to pay the loan from the National Bank by yearly instalments of £1,000 a year and interest on each instalment.

SIR CHAS CAMERON'S APPOINTMENT

A discussion took place in regard to the superannuation which Sir Chas Cameron was entitled to, if his services as a District Clerk, and one from Mr. McDonaught as a retired Inspector of Explosives. The majority of the Council in favour of appointing a local Inspector of Explosives, and the salary to be directed to write to the different Boards of Guardians District Councils in the county, and Town Clerk, asking the name of the person appointed by them, and the salary to be paid.

A letter was read from Mr. Pallister addressed to the Justices of Dromkeen Sessions District, as to his salary as a District Clerk, and one from Mr. McDonaught as a retired Inspector of Explosives. The Council considered they were by these matters and refused to enter into them.

THE WOLFE TONE MEMORIAL

Mr Mackey moved his notice of the Council participate in the movement a monument to Theobald Wolfe Tone. He did not ask that the finances should be used for the purpose that a committee should be formed to having an individual collection referred at great length to the incident to the life of Tone.

Mr John Coleman seconded the motion. Mr Delmege said as an officer of holding a Commission of the Peace, he conscientiously join in any subscription proposed by Mr Mackey. All man he admired Wolfe Tone—and a valiant one—yet under the present circumstances he could not support the motion. He had referred to Mr Pitt, Prime Minister (Mr Delmege) would wish to Mr Mackey that this was the second motion by Mr. Pitt; for Wolfe Tone before 1798 Party twice presented schemes for the South Sea Islands, with the harrassing Spain, then at war with England. Mr Pitt did not accept the offers. For reasons, although there was much to be said in Wolfe Tone, he could not support it.

Sir David Roche, Mr Atkinson, and also dissented.

The majority of the Council thereupon resolved.

THE COUNCIL AND THE BOER

A resolution was read from the Corporation in sympathy with the Boer.

Mr Coleman proposed that it be adopted. Mr Delmege moved that it be not adopted. Before supporting the resolution he would know whether any of them had received a letter of the Duke of Argyll, in which the matter very plainly, or if they thought he would direct them to the same. Mr Clancy at Clontarf.

Mr Mackay spoke at length in favour of the resolution, pointing out that as Irishmen for freedom they should support the Boer.

Mr Delmege—Every argument in favour of freedom is in favour of the Boer. I don't think Mr Mackay is well up in the matter and before speaking on it I would read it up.

Mr Mackay—I have read it up. Dr Connery thought they should support the merits of the question, but they a peace resolution. Irishmen reason to sympathise with the Boer.

A discussion now arose between William and they gave us William Hamilton and Dr Connery on the merits of the Boer.

Mr O'Shaughnessy—What is before